Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY.—May I know whether the Government made efforts to secure those grants ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—I want notice.

Sri H. S. METGUD.—Does Government think of separating the libraries from the management of the Educational department as it is now ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—The whole thing has to be reviewed in the light of the new circumstances.

Colleges affiliated to the Madras University

Q.—162. Sri B. S. KUSHALAPPA (Mercara Town).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) whether the Colleges now affiliated to the University of Madras will be affiliated to our Universities by the next academic year ;

(*b*) whether arrangement has been thought out to absorb the Pre-University course candidates those who pass and those who fail from the next academic year ?

A.—Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA (Minister for Education).—

(*a*) & (*b*) The question is under consideration of Government.

Sri B. S. KUSHALAPPA.—May I know whether the Government is going to give an assurance that the decision will be taken at least by the next academic year ?

Sri Kadidal MANJAPPA.—We are going to take a decision shortly. I am ascertaining the public opinion. I am also ascertaining the opinion of Hon'ble Members.

Prices of Foodgrains.

Q.—166. Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY (Chitaldrug).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) what were the prices of foodgrains in the months of February and June 1956 ;

(*b*) whether it has come to their notice that the prices of foodgrains are soaring up ;

(*c*) what steps they have taken to bring down the prices of foodgrains ?

A.—Sri M. P. PATIL (Minister for Revenue).—

(*a*) Approximate price of rice, ragi and jowar are as follows :—

	February 1956 *Rs. per palla*	*June 1956* *Rs. per palla*
Rice I	... 36 to 67	... 50 to 80
Rice II	... 33 to 50	... 40 to 60
Ragi	... 17 to 25	... 20 to 38
Jola	... 16 to 27	... 19 to 41

(*b*) Yes.

(*c*) With a view to bring about a stabilisation in prices, the Government of India have released rice I variety and overseas wheat at Rs. 16 and Rs. 14 per maund, respectively. Arrangements have been made to issue the rice released by them to the *bona fide* consumers through the Co-operative Institutions, Registered Associations, Corporation Depots, etc.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್. ಬಿ. ಪೂಜಾರ್.—ಯಾವ ಆಧಾರದ ಮೇಲೆ ಈ ಅಂಕಿ ಅಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ಸಂಗ್ರಹ ಮಾಡಿರುವೆರಿ ?

*ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಮಾರ್ಕೆಟಿಂಗ್ ಆಫೀಸರ್ಸ್ ಆಯಾ ಮಾರ್ಕೆಟ್ ದರಗಳಿಗನುಸಾರವಾಗಿ ಕಲೆಕ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಟ್ಟ ಅಂಕಿ ಅಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ಉತ್ತರದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಚಿಕ್ಕಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ.—ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯ (*c*) ವಿಭಾಗಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರವಾಗಿ, ಆಹಾರ ಧಾನ್ಯಗಳ ಬೆಲೆಯನ್ನು ಇಳಿಸುವ ಸಂಬಂಧವಾಗಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಕೈಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಆದರೆ ಆಯಾ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲ ದರಗಳನ್ನು ಇಳಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಏನಾದರೂ ಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಆ ಸ್ಕೀಮು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟದ್ದು. ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ನಮಗೆ ಆಹಾರಧಾನ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಬರಾಯಿ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಆಯಾ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ನಾವು ಫೇರ್ ಪ್ರೈಸ್ ಡಿಪೋಗಳನ್ನು ತೆರೆಯುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಚಿಕ್ಕಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ.—ತಾವು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ದರಗಳು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ನಿಶ್ಚಿತಗೊಳಿಸಿದ ಬೆಲೆಯೇ, ಅಥವಾ ಆಯಾ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ತಾವು ನಿರ್ಧರ ಮಾಡಿರುವ ಬೆಲೆಯೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಈ ದರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ನಿಶ್ಚಿತಗೊಳಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

*Asterisk indicates that the remarks or speeches have not been revised by the Members concerned.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಚಿಕ್ಕಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ.—ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ವರು ಅಕ್ಕಿಯನ್ನು ರಿಲೀಜ್ (Release) ಮಾಡುವುದೇನೋ ಸರಿ. ಈಗ ಪ್ರೈಸೆಸ್ (prices) ಜಾಸ್ತಿ ಯಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ. ಈಗ ಹಾರ್ವೆಸ್ಟ್ ಸೀಜನ್ (Harvest season) ಇಂತಹ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಇಲ್ಲಿನ ದರಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ಟಾಬಿಲೈಜ್ (Stabilise) ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಏನು ಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಕೈಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದೀರಿ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಇಲ್ಲಿನ ದರಗಳು ಸ್ಥಿರವಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಎಷ್ಟೋ ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ದರಗಳು ಕಡಿಮೆ ಯಾಗಿವೆ. ಅದಕ್ಕೋಸ್ಕರವೇ ಇಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಫೇರ್ ಪ್ರೈಸ್ ಡಿಪೋಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದು ಅಕ್ಕಿಯನ್ನು ಹಂಚುತ್ತಿದ್ದೇವೆ.

Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY.—May I know the present rates of foodgrains ?

Mr. SPEAKER.—It is outside the scope of the question.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಚಿಕ್ಕಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ.—ಈಗ ಸುಗ್ಗಿಯ ಕಾಲ. ಈಗಲೇ ಒಂದು ಖಂಡಗಕ್ಕೆ 50 ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಮೇಲೆಯೇ ಹೋಗಿದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಭತ್ತಕ್ಕೆ ದರಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ಟಾಬಿಲೈಜ್ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೋಸ್ಕರ ಏನು ಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದೀರಿ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಸೂಚನೆಯ ಮೇರೆಗೆ ಫೇರ್‌ಪ್ರೈಸ್ ಡಿಪೋಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಸದಾಗಿ ತೆರೆದು ಅಕ್ಕಿಯನ್ನು ಸರಬರಾಜು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದೇವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಚಿಕ್ಕಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ.—ಫೇರ್ ಪ್ರೈಸ್ ಡಿಪೋಗಳನ್ನು ತೆರೆದಿದ್ದೇವೆ ಎಂದು ಈಗತಾನೆ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೊಡಿಸಿದಿರಿ. ಆ ಡಿಪೋಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪಲ್ಲ ಒಂದಕ್ಕೆ ಇಷ್ಟೇ ಮಾರುವ ದರವೆಂದು ನಿಗದಿ ಮಾಡಿರುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಏನಾದರೂ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಜ್ಞೆ ಹೊರಟಿದೆಯೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಹೌದು. ದರಗಳನ್ನು ನಿಗದಿ ಮಾಡಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಒಂದು ಆಜ್ಞೆಯನ್ನು ಹೊರಡಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಚಿಕ್ಕಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ.—ಆ ಡಿಪೋಗಳಲ್ಲಿ Issue price ಇದೆಯೋ, ಅಥವಾ Purchasing price ಇದೆಯೋ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ನಮಗೆ ಆಹಾರಧಾನ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಬರಾಜು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಕೆಲವು ಪದಾರ್ಥಗಳ ಬೆಲೆಯನ್ನು ಜಾಗ್ರತೆಯಾಗಿ ನಿಗದಿ ಮಾಡಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗದೆ ಇರಬಹುದು. ಆ ರೀತಿ ಇರುವುದರಿಂದ ಈ ಅಕ್ಕಿ ಸರಬರಾಜಿಗೆ ದರವನ್ನು ಗೊತ್ತುಮಾಡಿಲ್ಲ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಕನ್ಸ್ಯೂಮರ್ಸ್‌ಗೆ ಕೊಡುವ ದರವನ್ನು ನಾವು ನಿಗದಿಮಾಡಿದ್ದೇವೆ.

Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY.—Since when did the Government begin to issue foodgrains through co-operative societies ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—From the very beginning.

Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY.—Is it from the beginning of the year ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Recently, fair price shops have been started and, wherever possible, grains are given to the co-operative societies.

Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY.—Through how many fair price shops run by co-operative societies or run by persons appointed by Government, rice and other foodgrains are being issued ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Those figures are not available with me at present. I want notice.

Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY.—May I know whether Government are providing foodgrains to the people in rural areas through co-operative societies or through any other agency ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—We give first preference to Co-operative societies and grampanchayats. If these institutions are not available, then and then only the registered dealers are given these fair price shops.

Sri Mulka GOVINDA REDDY.—My question was whether Government is issuing these foodgrains to the rural population in the rural areas ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Yes.

ಶ್ರೀ ವೈ. ಎಂ. ಚಂದ್ರಶೇಖರಯ್ಯ.—ಈಗಲೂ ಹೊರಗಡೆಯಿಂದ ಅಕ್ಕಿ ಬಗ್ಯೆರೆ ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ತರಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಹೊರಗಡೆಯಿಂದ ಆಹಾರಪದಾರ್ಥಗಳನ್ನು ತರಿಸುವುದು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ವಿ. ನಾರಾಯಣ ರೆಡ್ಡಿ.—(Kannada version of Telugu) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯ (c) ಭಾಗಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರವಾಗಿ 1ನೇ ಭಾಗ ಅಕ್ಕಿ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಯಾವ ಯಾವ ಬಗೆಯ ಅಕ್ಕಿಯನ್ನು ಯಾವ ಯಾವ ದರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಬರಾಜು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದೀರಿ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಈ ಉಪ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಕೊಡಲು ನೋಟೀಸ್ ಬೇಕು.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ವಿ. ನಾರಾಯಣ ರೆಡ್ಡಿ.—(Kannada version of Telugu) ನನಗೆ ಒಬ್ಬ ಕನ್ನಡ ಟ್ರಾನ್ಸ್‌ಲೇಟರ್ ಬೇಕು.

Mr. SPEAKER.—In this connection, I may point out that any Hon'ble Member may speak in any language he likes. That liberty is available to every member. The Minister concerned also may reply in any language he likes. It will, however, be better for Hon'ble Members to speak either in Kannada or English so that everybody can understand. I am in a tight situation. The Hon'ble Member Sri Narayana Reddy speaks in Telugu. He has every right to speak in Telugu. The Hon'ble Minister has every right to reply in Kannada or in English as he likes. There is no question of translating the

question or the answer given thereto. That is rather impossible in this House.

Sri B. V. NARAYANA REDDY.—Sir, I would like the questions and answers to be printed in Telugu also.

Sri B. NARAYANASWAMY.—Sir, the other day you were pleased to say that a member might speak in any language of his choice. Supposing an Hon'ble Member puts a question in a particular language and the Minister concerned does not know that language, in that case what would be the position ?

Mr. SPEAKER.—That is exactly what happened just now. The Hon'ble Minister, Sri M. P. Patil, so far as I am aware, does not know Telugu and as such he had to consult his colleague by his side. That is allowed everywhere. Such situations have arisen in other Assemblies also. In the Bombay Assembly when a Marathi member puts a question in Marathi the Deputy Minister concerned used to answer that question in pure Hindi or pure Urdu even though the member who puts the question in Marathi could not understand Hindi or Urdu. At that time the Chair could not help the Marathi member. Similarly, here also if the member putting the question in Telugu does not understand the reply given in Kannada or in English I have no remedy, but I can only say that, as far as possible, if the member putting the question knows Kannada or English, it is much better that he puts the question in English or in Kannada, because that would save the time of the House and also facilitate the proceedings.

As far as the Hon'ble Member's request that the questions and replies should be printed in Telugu is concerned, I will just see what can be done in the matter, because this sort of demand may be made from all quarters. Tomorrow, a Tamil member may request that the questions and replies should be printed in Tamil. It all depends upon the capacity of the Legislature Department to do it. If it is not possible for the Legislature Department to do that, I for one am really sorry that it cannot be complied with.

Sri A. V. NARASIMHA REDDY.—The other day when another Member of this House spoke in Marathi, the Chair was pleased to say that the Chair would consider the question as to what extent the Chair would be able to help such members. The same situation has arisen now. I am certain that there will be a demand to print the questions and answers in Telugu because there are some friends here who speak Telugu. Therefore, I request the Chair to give its ruling in this connection as early as possible.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I am not trying to give any ruling. The other day also I did not give any ruling. As far as the Hon'ble Member Sri Narasimha Reddy's point that I have modified my ruling is concerned, I think I cannot agree with him. I have not in any way modified what I said then. At that time I simply said that I would consider the question. I am giving the same reply today also and say that I am going to consider this question. At the same time, I am putting the difficulty in this respect before the House. The difficulty is that in every case it may not be possible to do the translation. There are certain officers who have come from Bombay and who know Marathi and Kannada both and so some sort of arrangement can be made. If there are some officers in the Department here who know Telugu then some sort of arrangement can be made for Telugu as well.

Sri B. V. NARAYANA REDDY.—Sir, will it not be convenient to the Members if the replies are translated simultaneously in every language as in the U.N.O. ?

Mr. SPEAKER.—The practice followed in the U.N.O. is a different one. We are only a State Assembly and we cannot copy the methods which are employed in the U.N.O. That would be quite impossible. I wish we were able to do that, but at present it is not possible. So if Hon'ble Members can avoid speaking in a language which cannot be understood by others that would greatly facilitate our work. I can say that in Bombay the Kannada members tried their utmost to avoid speaking in Kannada

(MR. SPEAKER.)

even though there were a few persons who could understand Kannada in the Bombay Assembly. Only one or two members who were not able to speak in English, Marathi, Gujarati or Hindi, spoke in Kannada. Otherwise all the Kannada members spoke in English or in broken Marathi or in Hindi. In this way they tried to enliven the proceedings. I would, therefore, request Hon'ble Members to see that they avoid speaking in many languages if they can do so.

Sri B. V. NARAYANA REDDY.—May I know whether you are appealing to the good sense of the members ?

Mr. SPEAKER.—Yes.

Sri K. S. VASAN.—Is the Government aware that in the Government managed K.G.F. mines rice is being sold at Rs. 23 to Rs. 24 per maund ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—I have no information regarding a particular shop, but I think that is not a fact because the rates are fixed for all fair price shops.

Sri K. S. VASAN.—Will the Government make arrangements to make the K.G.F. mines shop sell rice at fair price ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—If the Hon'ble Member writes to me I shall make inquiries about the price of rice sold by that shop.

Sri L. C. PAIS.—The rice sold through the fair price shops in South Kanara is subject to sales tax under the Madras Sales Tax Act and so the price charged in those shops is higher. Will Government consider the question of exempting the rice sold through the fair price shops in South Kanara from the levy of sales tax ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—It is a suggestion for action.

Sri J. K. PRANESHACHAR.—What steps have the Government taken to bring down the price of jowar ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—There is no question of bringing down the price of a particular foodgrain. It is a question of bringing down the prices of all foodgrains.

Dr. R. NAGAN GOWDA.—In view of the fact that there is a steep fluctuation in the prices of foodgrains during the different seasons of the year, will the Government make arrangements to purchase some foodgrains during the harvest season and stock them so that they could be supplied to the people later on ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—That is the work of the Government of India. The State Government do not purchase and store grains.

ಶ್ರೀ ಆರ್. ಮುನಿಸ್ವಾಮಯ್ಯ.—ರಿಜಿಸ್ಟರ್ಡ್ ಸಂಘಗಳ ಮೂಲಕ ಒದಗಿಸುತ್ತೀವೆಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಉತ್ತರ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕಿನಿಂದ ಏಳು ಸಂಘಗಳು ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ಜಿಲ್ಲಾ ಡೆಪ್ಯುಟೀ ಕಮಿಷನರಿಗೆ ಅರ್ಜಿ ಹಾಕಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದರೂ ಅವರು ಅಕ್ಕಿಯನ್ನು ಒದಗಿಸಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿಚಾರಣೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೀರಾ ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—I want notice in this case.

ಶ್ರೀ ಆರ್. ಅನಂತರಾಮ್.—ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಗರಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಕಾದಷ್ಟು ಅಕ್ಕಿಯನ್ನು ಕೇಂದ್ರದಿಂದ ತರಿಸದೆ ಇರುವುದರಿಂದ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಬೆಲೆಗಳು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿ ಬಹಳ ಕಷ್ಟವಾಗಿದೆಯೆಂಬುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—As I said just now, the prices are fixed in the fair price shops.

Sri G. SIVAPPA.—Is it a fact that the prices are going down steadily since the the last two weeks ?

Sri M. P. PATIL. I said that the prices were going down slowly in some places.

Sri G. SIVAPPA.—Are the steps taken by the Government to bring down prices effective ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Yes, they are effective.

12-30 P.M.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Has it come to the notice of the Government that since societies are working only in the urban area, no supply of rice is made available through fair price depots in the rural parts ?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Sir, wherever there is demand, rice will be supplied.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—I wanted to know whether rice is made available where there is need or where people come forward.

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Wherever there is need and wherever people or societies come forward to open fair price shops.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—Sir, I wanted to know whether it has come to the notice of the Government that

because there is no agency to take up the rice-selling business in rural parts, it is only in urban areas that rice is made available through depots and not in rural parts.

Sri M. P. PATIL.—It is a general question. It is difficult for me to answer. But I can assure the Hon'ble Member that wherever there is demand, if the societies, or panchayets or leaders come forward to open fair-price shops, foodgrains will be supplied.

Sri H. C. LINGA REDDY.—May I know the number of agencies and societies working in rural parts for the supply of rice?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—The total number of fair-price shops in the whole State is about 600. I have no figures regarding rural and urban areas separately, Sir.

Sri A. V. NARASIMHA REDDY.—Sir, has it come to the notice of the Government that for the last two weeks, rice stocks are not being sold in many depots both in the urban and rural parts?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—This is also a general question. If the Hon'ble Member brings a particular instance to my notice, I shall make enquiries.

Sri A. V. NARASIMHA REDDY.—My information is that the rice supplied, particularly the Burma variety, is not saleable in the depots at all, and whether that matter has come to the notice of the Government is my question.

Sri M. P. PATIL.—I have to repeat the same reply, Sir. If the Hon'ble Member brings a particular case to my notice, I shall make enquiries. I cannot reply to a general question like that.

Sri A. S. KAMBLI.—Will the Hon'ble Minister be pleased to tell whether any fair price depots have been opened in the Bombay Districts?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—Fair price depots are opened in the Bombay Karnataka area.

Sri A. S. KAMBLI.—How many, Sir?

Sri M. P. PATIL.—About 130.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜಿ. ಪುಟ್ಟಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಚಿಕ್ಕಮಗಳೂರು ಕೋ ಆಪರೇಟೀವ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿಗೆ ಕೊಡತಕ್ಕ ಅಕ್ಕಿಯನ್ನು ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸಿರುವುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ನನಗೆ ನೋಟೀಸ್ ಬೇಕು.

Dr. R. NAGAN GOWDA.—Sir, in view of the fact that the rice that they are getting from Burma is not appreciated by our people, will the Government make a suggestion to the Government of India to make purchases locally during the harvest time and keep food grains in stock till the time the prices may go up?

Mr. SPEAKER.—It is a suggestion for action. That will be noted.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪಂಚಾಕ್ಷರಯ್ಯ.—ಈಗ ಒಂದು ಮಣಕ್ಕೆ 14 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳೆಂದು ರೇಟು ನಿಗದಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೀರಲ್ಲ, ಇದೇ ರೇಟು ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಹೆಡ್‌ಕ್ವಾರ್ಟರ್ಸ್‌ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ, ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಇದೆಯೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ರೇಟು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಕಡೆಗೂ ಇದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪಂಚಾಕ್ಷರಯ್ಯ.—ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಿಲ್ಲ. ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಹೆಡ್‌ಕ್ವಾರ್ಟರ್ಸ್‌ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ ಪ್ರದೇಶಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ರೇಟುಗಳು ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಕಡಿಮೆ ಇವೆ ಎಂಬುದು ಗೊತ್ತೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಆ ರೀತಿ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸ ಗಳಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪಂಚಾಕ್ಷರಯ್ಯ.—ಹಾಗಾದರೇ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಧಾರಣೆಗಳು ಹೇಗಿವೆ, ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ರೀತಿ ಇವೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಲಾಗುವುದೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಇದಕ್ಕೆಲ್ಲಾ ನೋಟೀಸು ಬೇಕು.

ಶ್ರೀ ಆರ್. ಅನಂತರಾಮ್.—ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಗರದಲ್ಲಿ ಕತ್ತಲೆ ಮಾರ್ಕೆಟ್ಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ನೂರಾರು ಪಲ್ಲ ಅಕ್ಕಿ Fair Price Depot ಗಳಿಂದ ಮಾರಾಟವಾಗುತ್ತಿರುವುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಪಿ. ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಕತ್ತಲೆ ಮಾರ್ಕೆಟ್ಟಿನ ವಿಷಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಗೊತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ.

Sri T. MARIAPPA.—There are three questions of a similar nature and I request that all the three may be taken together, Sir.

Mr. SPEAKER.—They are not exactly similar. But we will take them together.

Q. Nos. 140, 167 and 190 will be taken up together.

Recommendations of Mascarenhas Committee Re. N. G. O.s' Pay Scales.

Q.—140. Sri G. DUGGAPPA (Holalkere Scheduled Castes).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) whether the Government contemplate implementing the recommendations of Mascarenhas Committee ;